## LISTING OF THE CLAIMS

This listing of the claims supersedes all previous listing.

 (Previously Presented) An automated method of classifying a cytological sample, comprising:

providing a cytological sample in solution in a vessel;

optically interrogating the solution with at least one wavelength of light;

determining whether a result of said interrogation meets a criterion;

attaching a positive designator to the sample vessel if the result meets the criterion; and

attaching a manipulation designator to the sample vessel if the result does not meet the criterion

- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the positive designator designates the sample as satisfactory for performing an assay.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2, wherein performance of the assay comprises preparing a specimen slide from said sample.
- 4. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the sample meets the criterion if it contains sufficient cells for performing the assay.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 4, wherein the cells are prokaryotic, eukaryotic, or archea type cells.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the positive designator indicates that the sample is satisfactory for automated slide preparation.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the positive designator indicates that the sample is adequate in quantity to allow for withdrawal of a portion of the sample for performing an assay.

- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the manipulation designator indicates that acquisition of an additional sample is needed for performing an assay.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the manipulation designator indicates that treatment of the sample is needed prior to performing an assay.
- (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the treatment comprises adding acetic acid to the sample.
- (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the treatment comprises adding a reducing agent to the sample.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the criterion is a concentration of cells in the sample.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the criterion is a concentration of cells of a particular type in the sample.
  - 14. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein the cells are endocervical cells.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the criterion is a level of mucus in the sample.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the criterion is a level of blood in the sample.

## Canceled.

18. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the sample is mixed prior to optically interrogating the solution.

- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 18, wherein the mixing is performed manually.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 18, wherein the mixing is performed automatically.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the positive designator comprises a marking on the vessel.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the positive designator comprises a designation in an electronic memory.
- (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the manipulation designator comprises a marking on the vessel.
- (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the manipulation designator comprises a designation in an electronic memory.
- 25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the method is performed simultaneously with obtaining the sample from a subject.
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[25]] 1, wherein the method is performed in conjunction with obtaining the sample from a subject.
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[1]] Z, further comprising preparing a slide from the sample after removing withdrawal of said portion.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the sample is selected from the group consisting of blood; urine; semen; milk; sputum; mucus; plueral fluid; pelvic fluid; sinovial fluid; ascites fluid; a body cavity wash; eye brushing; skin scrapings; a buccal swab; a vaginal swab; a pap smear; a rectal swab; an aspirate; a needle biopsy; a section of tissue; plasma; serum; spinal fluid; lymph fluid; an external secretion of the skin, respiratory, intestinal,

or genitourinary tract; tears; saliva; a tumor; an organ; a microbial culture; and an in vitro cell culture constituent.

29. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the sample comprises a water-soluble alcohol in an amount effective to preserve the sterility of the solution toward at least one contaminant.